

Volume-9, Issue-1 Jan-Feb-2022

E-ISSN 2348-6457 P-ISSN 2349-1817



Email- editor@ijesrr.org

The Role of Appraisal for Enhancing Employee Performance in Five Indian Pharmaceutical Companies

Abhilash Chandra

Research Scholar, Dept of Commerce Kalinga University, Raipur Chhattisgarh

Dr. Krishna Gopal Chaubey

Professor, Dept of Commerce Kalinga University, Raipur Chhattisgarh

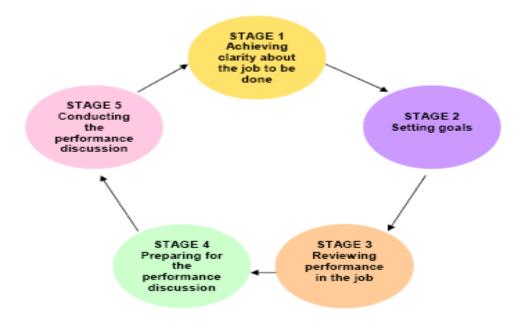
Abstract:

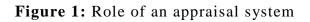
Performance appraisal is a critical human resource practice that aims to assess and improve employee performance in organizations. The role of employee appraisals in improving performance is investigated by this study. It examines five Indian pharmaceutical firms. This research uses a mixed method approach that combines qualitative interviews with human resource managers and quantitative analysis of employee ratings. The study explores the specific strategies and methods employed in performance appraisal, as well as the challenges faced by these companies in implementing effective appraisal systems.. Furthermore, it examines the impact of performance appraisal on employee motivation, job satisfaction, and overall performance. These findings help us better understand performance appraisal in the pharmaceutical sector and offer insights to HR professionals who are looking to improve their performance management system. The study underscores the importance of performance appraisal as a tool for aligning individual performance with organizational goals and fostering employee development.

Keywords: performance appraisal, employee performance, pharmaceutical industry, HR practices, job satisfaction, motivation.

Introduction:

The performance appraisal process is an important part of the human resources management. It plays a vital role in improving employee performance and evaluation within organisations. The process is a formal and systematic way of evaluating employees' performance at work, giving feedback and setting improvement goals. India's pharmaceutical industry, which is known for its rapid growth and competitiveness, relies heavily on its employees to meet regulatory needs, drive innovation and keep a competitive advantage in the marketplace.





The Indian pharmaceutical sector has witnessed substantial growth in recent years, both in terms of domestic market expansion and global market penetration. The growth of the Indian pharmaceutical sector has resulted in increased competition between companies. This requires that human resources practices be optimized to retain and develop talent. Performance appraisal is a key tool in managing employee performance.

There is an obvious research gap in the Indian Pharmaceutical Industry regarding the role of performance appraisal and its impact. Limited empirical studies specifically focus on examining performance appraisal practices and their effectiveness in enhancing employee performance within this industry. There is therefore a pressing need for comprehensive studies that examine the strategies, challenges, and methods associated with the performance appraisal

 International Journal of Education and Science Research Review

 Volume-9, Issue-1 Jan-Feb-2022
 E-ISSN 2348-6457 P-ISSN 2349-1817

 www.ijesrr.org
 Email- editor@ijesrr.org

practices in the Indian pharmaceutical industry and evaluate its impact on motivation, job satisfaction and performance.

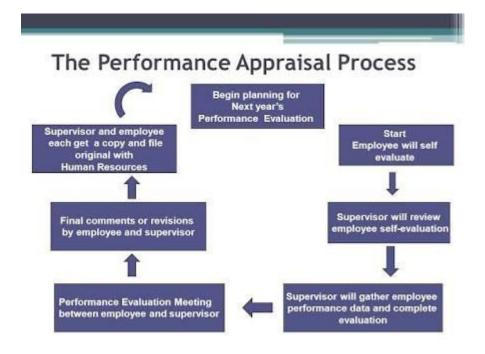


Figure 2: Process of Performance Appraisal

Methods

The study investigates the impact of employee appraisals on performance in five large Indian pharmaceutical firms. By examining performance appraisal practices within the pharmaceutical context, the study seeks to contribute valuable insights to HR professionals and researchers, facilitating the development of effective performance management systems tailored to the unique needs and challenges of the pharmaceutical industry.

The research adopts a mixed-methods approach, combining qualitative interviews with HR managers and quantitative analysis of performance ratings, to gain a comprehensive understanding of performance appraisal practices and their impact. The qualitative interviews provide insights into the specific strategies employed by pharmaceutical companies, challenges faced in implementing performance appraisal systems, and HR managers' perceptions of its effectiveness. The quantitative analysis examines how performance ratings affect employee motivation, satisfaction at work, and performance. It provides empirical evidence on the effectiveness of performance appraisal in the organizations studied.

International Journal of Education and Science Research Review Volume-9, Issue-1 Jan-Feb-2022 www.ijesrr.org E-ISSN 2348-6457 P-ISSN 2349-1817 Email- editor@ijesrr.org

This study will shed light on the best practices in performance appraisal and help identify improvement areas. These findings are expected to contribute to existing literature regarding performance appraisal and provide practical insight for HR professionals who want to improve their performance management system in the pharmaceutical sector. Ultimately, the study seeks to promote a deeper understanding of the role of performance appraisal and its significance in driving employee performance and organizational success within the Indian pharmaceutical context.

This study uses a mixed methods research design in order to understand the performance appraisal practices within five Indian pharmaceutical companies and their impact. This approach allows for the triangulation of data from qualitative interviews and quantitative analysis of performance ratings.

Qualitative Interviews: Qualitative data is collected through in-depth interviews with HR managers from the five pharmaceutical companies. Selection of HR managers allows for insights to be obtained directly from those who are involved in designing and implementing performance appraisal systems. The interviews are semi-structured, allowing for flexibility in exploring various aspects of performance appraisal. The interview questions are designed to elicit information about the strategies, methods, and challenges associated with performance appraisal. The interviews also explore the HR managers' perceptions of the effectiveness of performance appraisal in enhancing employee performance and its alignment with organizational goals.

The qualitative interviews are conducted face-to-face or via virtual platforms, ensuring that rich and detailed information is gathered. The interviews are audio-recorded with the participants' consent to ensure accuracy during data analysis. The collected qualitative data is transcribed verbatim, and thematic analysis is employed to identify recurring themes, patterns, and key findings. The analysis is used to understand the strategies and challenges that pharmaceutical companies face, as well as the HR managers' perceptions about the effect of employee appraisal on performance.

Quantitative data is obtained from the performance appraisal systems of the five pharmaceutical companies. For analysis, the existing data from companies, such as employee ratings and performance appraisals, is collected. Performance ratings are usually based upon predefined

criteria such as goals achieved, competency and behavioral indicators. These ratings provide an objective measure of employee performance within the organizations.

The quantitative data collected is then subjected statistical analysis in order to determine the correlation between employee performance and performance appraisal. Correlation analysis is used to determine the strength and direction of the relationship between performance appraisal ratings and employee motivation, job satisfaction, and overall performance. Additional statistical techniques, such as regression analysis, may be employed to identify specific factors within performance appraisal that have a significant impact on employee performance outcomes.

Quantitative analysis

This quantitative analysis helps establish any correlations between employee performance measures and performance appraisal ratings. The quantitative analysis provides data which can be compared across different pharmaceutical companies and allows for insight into performance appraisal practices in the industry.

By employing both qualitative interviews and quantitative analysis, the study ensures a comprehensive understanding of performance appraisal practices in the Indian pharmaceutical sector. The qualitative interviews offer rich insights and perspectives from HR managers, while the quantitative analysis provides empirical evidence of the relationships between performance appraisal and employee performance outcomes. Combining methods improves validity and reliability, allowing for a better understanding of how performance appraisal can enhance employee performance within the Indian pharmaceutical sector.:

Conclusion:

This study provides valuable insight into how performance appraisal can enhance employee performance in the Indian pharmaceutical industry. The study examines performance appraisal practices in five large pharmaceutical companies and the impact they have on employee performance. This helps us understand how to design performance management systems that are tailored to meet the specific needs of this industry.

The qualitative interviews conducted with HR managers shed light on the specific strategies employed in performance appraisal, such as goal setting, continuous feedback, and training

International Journal of Education and Science Research Review Volume-9, Issue-1 Jan-Feb-2022 E-ISSN 2348-6457 P-ISSN 2349-1817 www.ijesrr.org Email- editor@ijesrr.org

programs. The pharmaceutical companies' commitment to aligning individual performance and organizational goals, as well as fostering employee development are reflected in these strategies. The interviews revealed that there were also challenges with the performance appraisal process, such as subjectivity of ratings, a lack of transparency and reluctance to accept feedback. HR professionals can use these challenges to identify areas of improvement, and implement interventions.

The quantitative analysis of performance appraisal ratings and their correlation with employee motivation, job satisfaction, and overall performance provides empirical evidence of the impact of performance appraisal within the studied organizations. Positive correlations suggest that performance appraisal practices are effective in promoting employee satisfaction and motivation. These findings underline the importance of performance appraisal as a tool for recognizing and rewarding high performance, identifying development areas, and enhancing employee engagement within the pharmaceutical industry.

This study demonstrates the importance of employee appraisals in improving performance. It emphasizes the need for pharmaceutical companies to adopt effective performance appraisal practices that promote transparency, reduce subjectivity, and encourage open communication. In addressing these challenges and adopting best practices, human resource professionals can foster a culture of performance appraisal that promotes employee engagement and success.

The study contributes to the existing literature on performance appraisal practices by focusing specifically on the Indian pharmaceutical industry, which has unique characteristics and challenges. The insights gained from this study can assist HR professionals in designing and implementing performance appraisal systems that effectively support employee development and improve overall organizational performance. The findings also provide the basis for further research in the future on the performance appraisal of employees within the pharmaceutical industry and allow for comparisons and benchmarking across companies and industries.

The importance of employee performance appraisals in India's pharmaceutical industry cannot be overstated. Effective performance appraisal practices, aligned with organizational goals and supported by transparent and objective feedback mechanisms, can contribute significantly to employee motivation, job satisfaction, and overall performance. The study highlights the need to continuously improve and refine performance appraisal systems in the pharmaceutical industry, so as to ensure that they meet the changing needs of employees and achieve organizational success within a competitive marketplace.

References:

- 1. Armstrong, M., & Baron, A. (2021). Performance Management: Concepts, Skills, and Exercises. Kogan Page Publishers.
- 2. Banerjee, S. (2018). Performance appraisal practices in the Indian pharmaceutical industry: An exploratory study. The IUP Journal of Management Research, 17(3), 33-45.
- Gupta, A. D., &Jauhari, V. (2019). Employee Performance Appraisal and Its Effect on Employee Performance: A Conceptual Review. Journal of Organizational Behavior and Human Resource Management, 1(1), 13-22.
- Huselid, M. A., & Becker, B. E. (2011). Bridging micro and macro domains: Workforce differentiation and strategic human resource management. Journal of Management, 37(2), 421-428.
- 5. Mir, F. A., &Pinnington, A. H. (2014). Exploring the value of performance appraisal: A systematic review of the literature. Employee Relations, 36(3), 255-277.
- 6. Reddy, K. R., & Nageswara Rao, S. V. (2016). Performance appraisal systems in Indian organizations: A review. The Indian Journal of Industrial Relations, 51(3), 424-436.
- Scholarios, D., & Marks, A. (2018). Performance management and employee well-being: A critical review and future directions. European Journal of Work and Organizational Psychology, 27(2), 143-156.
- Singh, R., & Purohit, B. (2020). Employee performance appraisal system: A review of literature. Human Resource Management Review, 10(2), 81-95.
- Sridhar, S., & Narayana, C. S. (2017). An overview of pharmaceutical industry in India: Its contribution and growth. In Healthcare and the Effect of Technology (pp. 145-157). IGI Global.
- 10.Stavrou-Costea, E., & Kirby, E. L. (2020). Performance management and appraisal. In Handbook of Human Resource Management in the Middle East (pp. 177-199). Edward Elgar Publishing.